MENINGITIS, OTHER BACTERIAL

(non-meningococcal and non-Haemophilus influenzae type B)

Clinical Features: May include fever, headache, stiff neck, vomiting, and rash.

Causative Agent: For the purposes of this document, "other" bacterial meningitis is defined as an infection of the meninges caused by bacteria other than Neisseria meningitidis or Haemophilus influenzae type B.

Mode of Transmission: Direct person-to-person contact, including respiratory droplets from the nose or throat of infected individuals.

Incubation Period: ranges from 2 to 10 days

Period of Communicability: Untreated patients are most infectious for 2-3 weeks after the illness onset, although transmission may occur until the bacteria are no longer found in respiratory secretions.

Public Health Significance: Meningitis caused by *Streptococcus pneumoniae* may be prevented through vaccination. Contacts of non-meningococcal and non-HiB meningitis normally do not require post-exposure prophylaxis.

Reportable Disease in Kansas Since: 1982

Laboratory Criteria for Surveillance Purposes

➤ Isolation and identification of a bacterial pathogen from CSF or blood.

Surveillance Case Definitions

Confirmed: A clinically compatible case that is laboratory confirmed.

Epidemiology and Trends

2005 Kansas Count: 19

	Rate per 100,000	95% CI
Kansas Rate	0.7	(0.4 - 1.0)
U.S. Rate (2004)	NA	NA

In 2005, there were 19 cases of non-meningococcal, non-Haemophilus influenzae type B bacterial meningitis. Seven of the cases were caused by Streptococcus pneumoniae. Two cases were caused by alpha hemolytic Streptococcus that were not further characterized. Group B Streptococcus caused two of the infections — one isolate was determined to be Streptococcus agalactiae, while the other was not speciated. Haemophilus influenzae caused three cases. One isolate was found to be biotype IV, one was found to be biotype II, and the third was not further characterized. Other isolates included Staphylococcus epidermidis, Salmonella Heidelberg, Streptococcus viridans, and an unknown Staphylococcus species.

The cases ranged from less than 1 year to 53 years of age.